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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/876,346	06/07/2001	Tadashi Ichida	57139-5052	9056
24574 75	90 08/22/2005		EXAMINER	
•	NGELS, BUTLER & MA	LUONG, VINH		
	1900 AVENUE OF THE STARS, 7TH FLOOR LOS ANGELES, CA 90067			PAPER NUMBER
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/876,346	ICHIDA ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
<u> </u>	Bradley J. Van Pelt	3682
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet wit	th the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RETHE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFI after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, and - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by standard period for reply will, by standard patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DN. R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a real. In reply within the statutory minimum of thirty riod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON that the cause the application to become AB.	eply be timely filed y (30) days will be considered timely. THS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status	·	
 1) ⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ⊠ 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for all closed in accordance with the practice und 	This action is non-final. wance except for formal matte	•
Disposition of Claims		
4) ☐ Claim(s) 2-5,7,10 and 16 is/are pending in 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 2-5,7,10 and 16 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction are	drawn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Exam 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection to Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the con 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	accepted or b) objected to I the drawing(s) be held in abeyan rrection is required if the drawing(ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document of the priority document of the priority document of the certified copies of the certified copies of the certified copies of the priority document of the certified copies of	nents have been received. nents have been received in Appriority documents have been reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this National Stage
Attachment(s)		
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	Paper No(s	ummary (PTO-413))/Mail Date formal Patent Application (PTO-152)

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 2, 5 and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nagano (USPN 5,325,735) in view of Kine (USPN 3,935,930).

Nagano disclose a bracket 15 attachable to the handlebar 11; a pivot shaft "X" spaced from the handlebar; a rotating member 18 rotatable in a first direction and second direction about the pivot shaft; a control lever 4 operatively connected with the rotating member, wherein the lever is biased in a neutral position (via spring 21, see column 3, lines 60-65) and moveable in a first and second direction, and wherein the neutral position is between the first and second directions (see Fig. 6); a push mechanism 6 configured to cooperate with and rotate the rotating member in the first direction; a return mechanism 8, 9, 20 configured to cooperate with and rotate the rotating member in the second direction;

A first and second latch segment 18a, a push and return pawl 6, 8, 9 and a first and second claw (teeth of 8 and 9);

Spur gear 3a, a crown gear 13a.

Nagano does not disclose a master piston, an adjusting piston extending into the master cylinder assembly, the master cylinder assembly comprises a main chamber for the adjusting piston, a slave cylinder and the adjusting piston adjustably extends into the adjuster chamber.

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Kine discloses a master piston 3 an adjusting piston 51 extending into the master cylinder assembly, the master cylinder assembly comprises a main chamber 41 for the adjusting piston, a slave cylinder.

To modify the apparatus of Nagano so as to provide a master-slave cylinder assembly instead of a Bowden cable assembly would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made in view of the teachings of Kine that such an arrangement improves the life of the shifting device, because a master-slave cylinder device is more durable with respect to dirt, moisture, and does not kink when the sleeve is bent (see column 1, lines 10-40, in Wendler USPN 5,890,979).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide a second chamber for the adjuster piston, since it has been held that mere duplication of the essential working parts of a device only involves routine skill in the art.

3. Claims 3 and 4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nagano in view of Kine as applied to claims 2 and 5 above, and further in view of Kund (USPN 5,178,033).

The above reference combination discloses all of the instant invention except a rack and pinion combination.

Kund shows a rack and pinion assembly (Fig. 7).

To modify the above reference combination so as to provide a rack and pinion assembly instead of a spur gear-crown gear assembly would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made in view of the teachings of Kund that such an arrangement improves the precision of the device.

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4. Claims 7 and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nagano in view of Kine and Kund.

Nagano discloses a bracket 15 attachable to the handlebar 11; a pivot shaft "X" spaced from the handlebar; a rotating member 18 rotatable in a first direction and second direction about the pivot shaft; a control lever 4 operatively connected with the rotating member, wherein the lever is biased in a neutral position (via spring 21, see column 3, lines 60-65) and moveable in a first and second direction, and wherein the neutral position is between the first and second directions (see Fig. 6); a push mechanism 6 configured to cooperate with and rotate the rotating member in the first direction; a return mechanism 8, 9, 20 configured to cooperate with and rotate the rotating member in the second direction;

A first and second latch segment 18a, a push and return pawl 6, 8, 9 and a first and second claw (teeth of 8 and 9);

Spur gear 3a, a crown gear 13a.

Nagano does not disclose a master piston, an adjusting piston extending into the master cylinder assembly, the master cylinder assembly comprises a main chamber for the adjusting piston, a slave cylinder, a conduit conveying a fluid between the master cylinder assembly and the slave cylinder assembly, the adjuster piston threadingly engaged with the master cylinder; a rack and pinion combination.

Kine discloses a master piston 3 an adjusting piston 51 extending into the master cylinder assembly, the master cylinder assembly comprises a main chamber 41 for the adjusting piston, a slave cylinder, a conduit conveying a fluid between the master cylinder assembly and the slave cylinder assembly, the adjuster piston threadingly engaged with the master cylinder.

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Kund shows a rack and pinion assembly (Fig. 7).

To modify the apparatus of Nagano so as to provide a master-slave cylinder assembly instead of a Bowden cable assembly would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made in view of the teachings of Kine that such an arrangement improves the life of the shifting device, because a master-slave cylinder device is more durable with respect to dirt, moisture, and does not kink when the sleeve is bent (see column 1, lines 10-40).

To modify the apparatus of Nagano so as to provide a rack and pinion assembly instead of a spur gear-crown gear assembly would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made in view of the teachings of Kund that such an arrangement improves the precision of the device.

Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 2-5,7,10 and 16 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Bradley J. Van Pelt whose telephone number is (571)272-7113. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David A. Bucci can be reached on (571)272-7099. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

BJVP

Charles a. MARMOH
"IDERVISORY PATENT EXAM"

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